

MAR THOMA RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, THIRUVALLA
FIRST MODEL EXAMINATION, 2017-'18

Maximum Marks: 80

63
HISTORY & CIVICS
H.C.G. - Paper - 1
(Two hours)

Class: X
Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory).
A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part II, two out of three questions from Section A and three from Section B.
The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

PART I (30 Marks)

Attempt all questions from this Part I

Question 1

- Mention any two electoral functions of the Union Parliament. [1]
- Mention two provisions of the Constitution, which clearly establish the supremacy of the Lok Sabha with regard to the Money Bill. [1]
- What is the composition of the Electoral College for the election of the President of India? [1]
- Mention one difference between the Council of Ministers and the Cabinet. [1]
- Mention one important function of the Vice-President of India. [1]
- By whom and on whose advice are the Ministers in a State appointed? [1]
- State one point of distinction between the District Judge and the Sessions Judge. [1]
- Which is the highest criminal court in a district? [1]
- Name the highest revenue court in the District. [1]
- Mention two ways by which the Constitution ensures independence of the judges of the Supreme Court? [1]

Question 2

- Where and when was the first session of the Indian National Congress held? [1]
- What does the word 'Swadeshi' as used by Gandhiji imply? [1]
- The Lucknow Pact is remembered for two main reasons. State the reasons. [1]
- Why was the Dandi March undertaken? [1]
- What were the two proposals for the Princely States in the Mountbatten Plan of 1947? [1]
- How did the Sarajevo crisis in 1914 lead to the First World War? [1]
- Name the countries that formed the Allied Powers. [1]
- Why did America drop the atom bomb on the cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki? [1]
- What was the Berlin-Rome-Tokyo Axis? Why did Hitler demand the Danzig Corridor of Poland? [1]
- Where and when was the first summit of the Non-Aligned Movement held? [1]

PART - II (50 Marks)

SECTION A

Attempt any *two* questions from this Section.

Question 3

With reference to the Parliament and the State Legislature answer the following:

- (a) Mention the judicial powers of the Parliament. [3]
- (b) Mention three powers which are common to both houses of the State Legislature. [3]
- (c) Explain any four functions of the Union Cabinet. [4]

Question 4

With reference to the Executive branch of the Government:-

- (a) Mention the common qualifications required to be eligible to become the President of India or the Governor of a State. [3]
- (b) Explain the special powers of the Governor during the President's Rule in a State. [3]
- (c) Mention two executive and two legislative powers of the President of India. [4]

Question 5

With reference to the Judiciary:-

- (a) Explain the composition of a High Court. State the qualifications required to become a judge in the High Court. [3]
- (b) State the term of office of the Judges of the High Court. Explain when and how the Judges can be removed from office. [3]
- (c) Describe the Supreme Court's power of judicial review. What is meant by Court of Record? [3]

SECTION B

Attempt any *three* questions from this Section

Question 6

With reference to the role of the Moderates in arousing National Awakening in India, answer the following questions:

- (a) Name the Moderate leaders. Why were they called so? [5]
- (b) Who was known as "India's unofficial ambassador in England"? What were his views on the cause of poverty in India? Mention his achievements in strengthening Indian Nationalism. [5]

Question 7

The world witnessed a 'great war' in the years between 1914-1918. In this context:-

- (a) Discuss any three reasons which led to the war in 1914. [3]
- (b) Mention three clauses of the Treaty of Versailles. [3]
- (c) Explain how the Treaty of Versailles was responsible for the outbreak of the Second World War. [4]

Question 8
The world has seen the damages caused by the two World Wars. The aim of the United Nations Organization is to save the succeeding generations from the scourge of another war. With reference to this:-

- (a) Explain any three functions of the General Assembly. [3]
- (b) Mention three important functions of the UNESCO. [3]
- (c) Discuss the role of the Security Council in maintaining world peace. [4]

Question 9
With reference to the cold war and the Non-Aligned Movement, answer the following:

- (a) Mention three factors leading to the Cold War. [3]
- (b) Write three consequences of the Cold War. [3]
- (c) Mention any four objectives of the Non-Aligned. [4]

Question 10
With reference to the picture given below answer the following:



- (a) Name the historic event associated with the picture given above. With this event, the Indian National Congress launched a national movement in 1930. Name the movement and the causes leading to this movement. [4]
- (b) Why was the movement suspended? [3]
- (c) Why was the movement renewed? [3]