# MARTHOMA RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, THIRUVALLA

# SECOND MODEL EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2019

#### HISTORY AND CIVICS

Marks: 80

Time: 2hrs

STD: X

## General Instructions

Attempt all the questions from Part I (Compulsory). A total five questions are to be attempted from Part II, two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets.

## PART I (30 Marks)

Attempt all questions from this Part

## Question 1

Answer the following questions	[1]
(a) What are the special powers enjoyed by Lok Sabha?	[+]
(b) What are the President's judicial powers, with special reference to?	
(a) Modifying the judgment of the Supreme Court	61
(b) Power to consult the Supreme Court for its opinion	[1]
(c) 'Prime Minister is the link between the Cabinet and the President.' Justify the	
statement by giving two examples.	[1]
(d) In the light of the President's financial powers, discuss his control on:	
(a) Contingency Fund.	143
(b) Money Bill / Budget.	[1]
(e) What are the circumstances under which the Supreme Court can hear an appeal, a	s a mat
of right of the convicted person?	[1]
(f) What is the Criterion for a non-parliamentary member to become a minister?	[1]
(g) "The Supreme Court of India also is the guardian of the Constitution." Justify.	[1]
(h) Mention two electoral functions of the Union Parliament.	[1]
(i) What role does a Cabinet play in the formulation of policies of the Government?	[1]
(i) What role does a Cabinet play in the Tormande of Paragraph (j) What is meant by the "Consolidated Fund of India"?	[1]

### Question 2

## Answer the following questions

- (a) Why was the Rowlatt Act (1919) passed?
- (b) What aspects of the revenue policy of the Company were resented by the peasants?
- (c) What was the immediate objective of the Forward Bloc?
- (d) How was the German Empire dismantled?
- (e) How was the emergence of dictatorship in Germany and Italy in the inter war period responsible for the outbreak of the Second World War?
- (f) Name the last viceroy of India. State one of his proposals in regard to the Princely States
- (g) Mention any two aims of the League of Nations.
- (h) State two reasons why Britain and France followed a policy of appearement Germany in the 1930's.
- (i) Give any two function of the UNICEF
- (j) What was the Berlin-Rome-Tokyo Axis? Why did Hitler demand the Danzig Corridor from Poland?

### PART II (50 Marks) SECTION A

Attempt any two questions from this Section

#### Question 3

The Powers and Functions of the Indian Parliament are wide ranging. In this context answer the following:

- (a) Explain three ways by which the Legislature exercises control over the Executive.
- (b) Mention any three Special powers of the Rajya Sabha that is usually not enjoyed by the House.
- (c) Mention any two judicial powers of the Indian Parliament.

#### Question 4

With reference to legislative powers of the President discuss:

- (a) Summon and prorogue the Parliament.
- (b) Dissolve the Lok Sabha.
- (c) Assent to State Bills.

## Question 5

With reference to the powers and functions of the High Court. Explain briefly the meaning a scope of the following:

(a) Its Appellate Jurisdiction.

[3

(b) The High Court as a Court of Record.

[3

(c) Judicial Review.

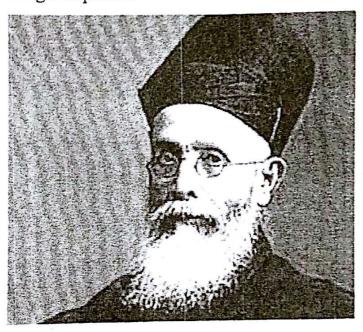
[4

#### **SECTION B**

Attempt any three questions from this Section

### Question 6

(a) Identify the person in the given picture:



- (b) (i) Who was known as India's Unofficial Ambassador to England? [1]
  - (ii) What were his views on the cause of poverty in India? [4]
  - (iii)Mention his achievements in strengthening India's nationalism. [5]

#### Question 7

Various circumstances were responsible for the Non-Co-operation Movement started by Gandhiji. In this context, write short notes on the following:

- (a) Rowlatt Act.
- (b) Jallianwala Bagh Tragedy. [3]
- (c) Khilafat Movement.

#### **Question 8**

With reference to rise of Hitler and coming of Nazism in Geraman, discuss:

- a) Humiliating terms of the Treaty of Versailles towards Germany.
- b) Economic crisis in Germany after the First World War.
- c) Hitler's personality and his propaganda campaign.

#### **Question 9**

With reference to UNESCO, explain its aims and activities under the following heads?

- a) Education
- b) Culture
- c) Science

#### Question 10

Cold War had damaged the world more today than the world suffered during the Second War. In the light of this observation, explain:

- a) The meaning the Cold War
- b) The division of Germany
- c) The Cold war and rivalries